SOV/110-59-1-16/28 Construction of the Current and Voltage Loci of an Induction Motor Supplied by an Alternator of Comparable Output, Making Allowance for Voltage Control

and the voltage in such a case is given by Eq (1). In a compound system the generator field current begins to alter when the current deviates from a given value and in this case the relationship between the no-load e.m.f. and the current is defined by Eq (2). Given the loci of current or voltage without allowance for voltage control, it is easy to make allowance for the control. Here the shown by an example on a compounded system. relationships between current and generator e.m.f. are given in eq (3), derived from a previous article by the same authors in Vestnik Elektropromyshlennosti, Nr 5, Formula (8) gives the difference between the values 1958. of current with and without compounding. In phasesensitive circuits allowance is made for the phase of the current and then the current vector is expressed by either Eq (9) or Eq (10). The current ellipse for the motor can be constructed by assuming a system without compounding: then the current with compounding may be determined. The procedure is described with reference to Fig 2.

Card 2/3

SOV/110-59-1-16/28

Construction of the Current and Voltage Loci of an Induction Motor Supplied by an Alternator of Comparable Output, Making Allowance for Voltage Control

method of constructing voltage vectors for an induction motor supplied from an alternator with allewance for voltage control is then easily explained. The expressions for determination of the stabilised voltages are much simpler for cylindrical-rotor than for salient-pole alternators. Current and voltage equations for cylindrical-rotor alternators are then given. The current and voltage equations are equations of circles. The diameter of the circles depends on the amplification factor of the voltage regulator. When the amplification is high, the circle diameter is small and the generator voltage does not alter much with different conditions.

There are a figure of the circle diameter is small and the generator voltage does not alter much with different conditions.

There are 2 figures.

SUBMITTED: April 28, 1958

EFENDIZADE A.A. PARSHINA, A.A.

Study of vibrations to which parts are subject when moving along a roller conveyer Lin Azerbaijani with summary in Russianj. Izv. AN Azerb. SSR. Ser. fiz. tekh. i khim. nauk no.2:109-124 '59. (MIRA 12:8) (Conveying machinery—Vibrations)

EFENDIZADE, A.A.; PARSHINA, A.A.

Electron optic device for measuring the dimensions of items without contact. Dokl. AN Azerb. SSR 15 no.7:559-565 (MIRA 12:11)

1. Institut energetiki AN AzerSSR.
(Measuring instruments) (Electronic instruments)

EFENDIZADE A.A.; PERETS, S.A., red.; AKHMEDOV, S., tekhn. red.

[Controlled electric drive for drilling oil wells] Reguliruemyi elektroprivod dlia bureniia neftianykh akvazhin.

Baku, Azerbaidzhanskoe gos.izd-vo, 1961. 142 p.

(MIRA 15:3)

(0il well drilling rigs—Electric driving)
(Electric motors, Induction)

33**57**3 S/194/61/000/012/067/097 D273/D303

1.5000

AUTHORS: Efendizade, A. A. and Parshina, A. A.

TITLE:

Investigating a semi-technical apparatus for measur-

ing the length of pipes using a photocell

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Avtomatika i radioelektronika, no. 12, 1961, 2, abstract 12E9 (Izv. AN Azerb SSR. Ser. fiz.-matem. i tekhn. n., 1961, no. 2, 69-76)

TEXT: The apparatus consists of a lamp and a series of photocells ΦC (FS) connected in parallel, and placed at some distance from the lamp. The manufactured article, whose length is to be measured, is placed between the PC and the lamp and cuts off part of the light beam. Briefly, the length of the article is controlled by the photocell current. On trial, using a control article, it was experimentally found that the absolute error of measurement was ≤ 1 cm at one end. For articles of 7-14 m the construction of the apparatus made it possible to measure the control at both ends. The absolute error of this setup is ≤ 3 cm if a protective light

Card 1/2

33573

Investigating a semi-technical ...

S/194/61/000/012/067/097 D273/D303

X

Card 2/2

EFENDIZADE, A.A.; LISTENGARTEN, B.A.

Exact circular diagram of an asynchronous motor. Dokl.AN Azerb. SSR 17 no.11:1053-1057 '61. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut energetiki AN AzSSR.
(Electric motors, Induction)

EFENDIZADE, A.A., doktor tekhn.nauk; PARSHINA, A.A.

Length-measurement circuits with the use of photoresistors. Avtom.i prib. no.1:86-88 Ja-Mr '62. (MIRA 15:3)

1. Energeticheskiy institut AzSSR.
(Photoelectric measurements)

EFENDIZADE, A.A.; LISTENGARTEN, B.A.

Investigation of the performance of an electric drill fed by a system of two conductor-pipes. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; neft' i gaz 6 no.10:93-96 '63. (MIRA 17:3)

1. Azerbaydzhanskiy institut nefti i khimii im. M.Azizbekova i Energeticheskiy institut im. I.G.Yes'mana.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4

EFENDIZADE, A.A.; LISTENGARTEN, B.A.; FRADKIN, A.B.

Investigating the operation of an electric drill with sweep-frequency voltage power supply. Neft.khoz. 41 no. 1: 23-28 Ja '63. (MIRA 17:7)

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4

BAGIROV, S.M.; NIZAMOV, T.I.; EFENDIZADE, A.A.

Bit load. Izv. vys. zav.; neft! i gaz 7 no.6:21-25 '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Azerbaydzhanskiy institut nefti i khimii imeni M. Azizbekova,

i Energeticheskiy institut imeni I.G. Yes mana.

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

L 11547-66 EWT(d)/EWP(k)/EWP(1)

ACC NR: AP6005029 SOURCE CODE: UR/O105/65/000/001/0091/0092

AUTHOR: Azimov, R. A.; Alizade, A. A.; Aslanov, R. K.; Guseynov, P. G.;

Kulizade, K. N.;

AUTHOR: Azimov, B. A.; Alizade, A. A.; Aslanov, R. K.; Guseynov, P. G.;
Dzhuvarly, Ch. M.; Yel'yashevich, Z. B.; Kadymov, Ya. B.; Kulizade, K. N.;
Kyazinzade, Z. I.; Mamikonyants, L. G.; Petrov, I. I.; Rustamzade, P. B.;
Spirin, A. A.; Syromyatnikov, I. A.; Esibyan, M. A.; Efendizade, A. A.

ORG: none

TITIE: Professor Boris Maksimovich Plyushch

SOURCE: Elektrichestvo, no. 1, 1965, 91-92

TOPIC TAGS: electric engineering, electric engineering personnel, petroleum engineering personnel, petroleum engineering

ABSTRACT: Brief biography of subject, a doctor of technical sciences and head of Department of Electric Power and Automation in Industry at the Azineftekhim (Azerbaydzhan Petrochemical Institute), on the occasion of his 60th birthday in October 1964. Graduating from Azerbaydzhan Polytechnical Institute imeni Azizbekov, subject worked in Caspian shipping industry and later headed the designing division at the Azerbaydzhan department of Elektroprom. With Azineftekhim since 1927, starting as laboratory assistant; department head since its formation in 1938; deputy dean of power engineering division in 1943-45. One of top Soviet experts on the electric power supply and electrical equipment of the petroleum industry, he has trained many engineers and scientists for this field and is the author of over 60 published works and inventions. Widely known are his works on Cord 1/2

L 11547-66

ACC NR: AP6005029

determining power losses in drilling. He was the first to investigate the problem of selecting the most suitable power characteristics with due consideration for wave-like torque distribution along the drilling string. He did research on the automatic regulation of drill feed, critical roller-bit speeds, self-starting electrical pumps, etc. A party member since 1945, subject has been awarded the Order of the Red Banner of Labor. Orig. art. has: 1 figure. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 09, 13 / SUBM DATE: none

HW 2/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4"

15990 COLUMBA SISTEM 100 34 2 2 L 27685-66 ACC NR. AP6005616 SOURCE CODE: UR/0233/65/000/003/0130/0136 AUTHOR: Efendizade, A. A.; Bagirov, S. M. 63 B TITLE: Use of digital computers in the calculation of transients in an asymmetrically-fed induction motor 14 SOURCE: AN AzerbSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya fiziko-tekhnicheskikh i matematicheskikh nauk, no. 3, 1965, 130-136 TOPIC TAGS: induction motor, digital computer, petroleum industry equipment, computer application, electric motor ABSTRACT: Starting conditions are calculated of a 3-phase induction motor operating in a petroleum drill hole at a depth of 0-5000 m, at an adjustable frequency 20-50 cps, and supplied over a 2-wire-drill-pipe system. A system of equations is set up which describes positive- and negative-phase-sequence stator and rotor currents under the above conditions. This system has the following characteristic equation: $ap^4 + bp^3 + cp^2 + dp + e = 0$ $a = \kappa_1^4 (x_1^2 - x_m^2)^2$ $b = 2\left(x_1^2 - x_m^2\right)\left[x_1\left(r_1 + r_2 + r_{10}\right) + j2\kappa_1\left(x_1^2 - x_m^2\right)\right]\kappa_{i_1}^2$ $c = [(s^2 - 2s - 5)(x_1^2 - x_m^2)^2 \kappa_1^4 - x_1^2 \kappa_1^2 (4r_{10}r_2 + 4r_1r_2 + 1)]$ $+r_{1}^{2}+r_{10}^{2}+r_{1}^{3}+2r_{10}r_{1}-r_{1}^{2})-2x_{m}^{2}\kappa_{i}^{2}(r_{10}r_{2}+r_{1}r_{2})+$ $+ f6x_1 \kappa_1^2 (x_1^2 - x_0^2) (r_1 + r_2 + r_{70}),$ Card 1/2

L 27685-66

ACC NR. AP6005616

 $d = 2r_1x_1\kappa_1(r_{10}^2 + r_1^2 - r_{11}^2 + 2r_{10}r_1 + r_1r_2 + r_{10}r_3) + \\ + 2x_1^3\kappa_1^3[(s^2 - 2s - 2)(r_{10} + r_1) - 3r_2] - 2x_1x_m^2\kappa_1^3[s^2 - 2s - 2)(r_{10} + r_1) - 3r_2] + 2x_1^2\kappa_1^2(r_{10}^2 + r_1^2 + 4r_{10}r_2 + 4r_1r_2 + 2r_{10}r_1) + 2x_1^2\kappa_1^2(r_{10}^2 + r_1^2 + 4r_{10}r_2 + 4r_1r_2 + 2r_1r_1 + 2r_{10}r_1) + 2x_1^2\kappa_1^2(s^2 - 2s - 1) - 2x_m^4\kappa_1^2(s^2 + 2s + 1) + 4x_1^2x_m^2\kappa_1^2(2s - s^2 + 1) - 4r_2x_m^2\kappa_2^2(r_{10} + r_1), \\ d = [r_2^2(r_1^2 - r_{11}^2 + 2r_1r_{10} + r_{10}^2) + x_1^2\kappa_1^2(2r_{11}^2s - 4r_1r_2 - 4r_{10}r_2 - 4r_1r_{10}s + r_1^2s^2 + 2r_1r_{10}s^2 + r_{10}^2s^2 - 2r_{10}^2s - r_1^2r_1^2s^2 - 2r_1^2s) + \kappa_1^4s(x_1^2 - x_m^2)^2(2 - s) + \\ + 2r_2x_m^2\kappa_1^2(r_1 + r_{10}) + J[2x_1\kappa_1^3(r_{10}s^2 - 2r_{10}s + r_1s^2 - 2r_1s - r_2)(x_1^2 - x_m^2) + 2x_1\kappa_1(2r_1r_{10} + r_1^2 + r_{10}^2 + r_1r_3 + r_1r_2 - r_1^2).$

This characteristic equation was solved for a numerical example on a BESM-2 digital computer, a higher accuracy being ensured by the use of the Ferrari method. A logical diagram and computation steps are presented, as are plots of currents and torques vs. slip. Orig. art. has: 3 figures and 25 formulas.

SUB CODE: 13, 09 / SUBM DATE: 29Jan65 / ORIG REF: 004

Card 2/2 NV

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4

EFENDIZADE, M. M.

1964

HYGIENE

1898-1963

ALLAKHVERDIYEV, G.A.; TARIVERDIYEV, R.D.; EFENDIZADE, S.M.; SAMEDOV, Yu.':.; KULIYEVA, A.S.

Corrosion of steel in saline soils. Azerb.khim.zhur. no.4:65-69 165. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Institut khimii AN AzerbSSR. Submitted July 13, 1964.

30956

24.7700 (110, 114, 1345)

S/576/61/000/000/013/010 E036/E162

AUTHORS:

Akhundov, G.A., Abdullayev, G.B., Aliyeva, M.Kh., and

Efetdinov, G.A.

TITLE:

Preparation and investigation of the semiconducting

materials AgTe, Ag2Se, SnTe and CdTe

SOURCE:

Soveshchaniye po poluprovodnikovym materialam 4t1. Voprosy metallurgii i fiziki poluprovodnikov; poluprovodnikovyye soyedineniya i tverdyye splavy. Trudy soveshchaniya. Moscow, Izd.-vo AN SSSR, 1961. Akademiya nauk SSSR. Institut metallurgii imeni

A. A. Baykova. Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut. 104-106

TEXT: To explain the properties of thin films of binary compounds deposited on various substrates it is necessary to investigate the bulk properties. In this paper the investigation of thermal and electrical conductivities and the structure of the following compounds are reported: Ag2Te, Ag2Se, SnTe and CdTe. These compounds were obtained by fusing together the components, which had been weighed to an accuracy of 2 x 10⁻¹² g. The synthesis was carried out by heating slowly to a temperature Card 1/5

S/576/61/000/000/013/020 E036/E162

Preparation and investigation of ... somewhat above the melting point of the refractory component in an evacuated (10 mm Hg) quartz ampoule. This temperature is maintained for about two hours and then further slow heating up to the melting point of the compound takes place. temperature is maintained for eight hours. Homogenisation is achieved by maintaining a temperature about 200° above this point for two hours. After this the material is annealed at 700-800 °C for several hours and slowly cooled to room temperature. material was uniform, Ag2Te and Ag2Se being n-type whilst SnTe and CdTe were p-type. X-ray and electron diffraction gives the 1) Ag2Te has a hessite structure containing excess Ag. 2) Ag2Se has the naumannite structure (8-phase), and appears from electron diffraction evidence to maintain this during 3) SnTe has a cubic lattice (a \pm 6.285 Å), and 4) CdTe has a sphalerite vaporisation. does not dissociate during evaporation. structure with $a = 6.41 \text{ Å}_0$ and does not dissociate during evaporation. Electron diffraction shows the condensed material to be a mixture of polycrystals and orientated single crystals. Thin layers (~0.5 µ) are obtained by depositing on glass Card 2/5

30956 S/576/61/000/000/013/020 Preparation and investigation of ... E036/E162

substrates in a vacuum of $10^{-\frac{l_1}{2}}$ mm Hg. The densities were 8.08, 7.50, 6.02 and 5.57 g/cm3 for Ag2Te, Ag2Se, SnTe and CdTe respectively. Gold bands are deposited on the thin layers to facilitate conductivity measurements. The room temperature conductivities of 38 and 257 Ω^{-1} cm⁻¹ of Ag₂Te and Ag₂Se were an order less than the bulk values. This is explained by the enhanced importance of the high resistance grain boundaries in the thin layers. The temperature dependence of the conductivity of Ag2Te (curve 1) and Ag2Se (curve 2) is shown in Fig.1, where the conductivity in Ω -1 cm-1 is plotted against 103/T, where T is the temperature in OK. Similar curves are obtained for large samples. The sharp change in conductivity is due to a polymorphic transformation. The results show that the $\boldsymbol{\beta}$ modifications of Ag₂Te below 150° and Ag₂Se below 140° are semiconducting with activation energies of 0.13 and 0.09 eV. Above the polymorphic transformation temperature the conduction is metallic. This change corresponds to a change in the bonding from covalent to polar. The thermal conductivities have not been reported in the literature and are given in Fig. 2, as a function of temperature. Card 3/5

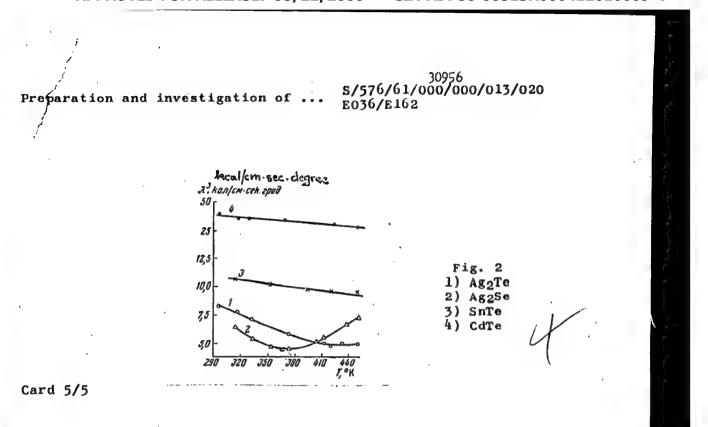
s/576/61/000/000/013/020 E036/E162

Preparation and investigation of ... $\rm Ag_2Te$ and $\rm Ag_2Se$ have minima at 140 and 150°, corresponding to the polymorphic transformation. There are 2 figures and 2 non-Soviet-bloc references.

II-lemi 70 80 Fig. 1 50 40

Card 4/5

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000



5/058/62/000/002/034/05 A061/A101

247700

AUTHORS:

Akhundov, O. A., Abdullayev, G. B., Aliyeva, M. Kh., Efetdinov, G. A.

TITLE:

Production and investigation of AggTe, AggSe, SnTe, and CdTe semi-

conductors

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 2, 1962, 31, abstract 2E294

(V sb. "Vopr. metallurgii i fiz. poluprovodnikov", Moscow, AN SSSR.

1961, 104 - 106)

The results of an investigation of electrical conductivity σ , heat conductivity, and structure of AgoTe, AgoSe, SnTe, and CdTe are presented. AgoTe and AgoSe have n-type, and SnTe and CdTe have p-type, conductivity. The structure of the compounds (phase character, lattice constants) is discussed. Their 5, measured with direct current on thin films obtained by sputtering in vacuum, appeared by one order lower than in bulky samples. This can be explained by the effect of contact resistances in relation to the film granularity. The course of the temperature dependences of 6 is described, and the forbidden band width values calculated on their basis are presented ($^{\circ}$ 0.1 eV). Results of heat conductivity measurements in the range of 20 - 200 $^{\circ}$ C are given.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 1/1

S/137/62/000/005/059/150 A006/A101

24.7700

Akhundov, O. A., Abdullayev, G. B., Aliyeva, M. Kh., Efetdinov, O.A.

TITLE:

AUTHORS:

Preparation and investigation of semiconductor materials AgTe,

AgoSe, SnTe, and CdTe

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, no. 5, 1962, 39, abstract 50258 (V sb. "Vopr. metallurgii i fiz. poluprovodnikov", Moscow, AN SSSR,

1961, 104-106)

Results are presented of investigating electric conductivity, heat TEXT: conductivity, and structure of Ag2Te, Ag2Se, SnTe and CdTe. The compounds were obtained by alloying the components. The synthesis was carried out in quartz ampoules (10-4 mm Hg) which were slowly heated to a temperature slightly exceeding the melting point of the refractory component, and were held at this temperature about 2 hours. Then the compounds were slowly heated to the melting point and held for 8 hours. Subsequently homogenization was performed at a temperature exceeding by 200°C the melting point of the compound, and then annealing at 700 -800°C with slow cooling down to room temperature. n-type AgoTe and AgoSe and p-type SnTe and CdTe were obtained. The structures of all compounds were

Card 1/2

Preparation and investigation ...

S/137/62/000/005/059/150 A006/A101 ·

determined. Electric conductivity of the compounds was measured in thin layers by the compensation method on d-c. Specific electric conductivity of Ag₂Te and Ag₂Se in thin layers was 38 and 257 ohm⁻¹.cm⁻¹, respectively. The heat conductivity of these compounds was also studied within a range of 20 - 200°C. Heat conductivity coefficients are given. Moreover, the pyonometric method was used to determine the density of Ag₂Te, Ag₂Se, SnT and CdTe, which is equal to 8.08, 7.50; 6.02 and 5.57 g/cm³, respectively.

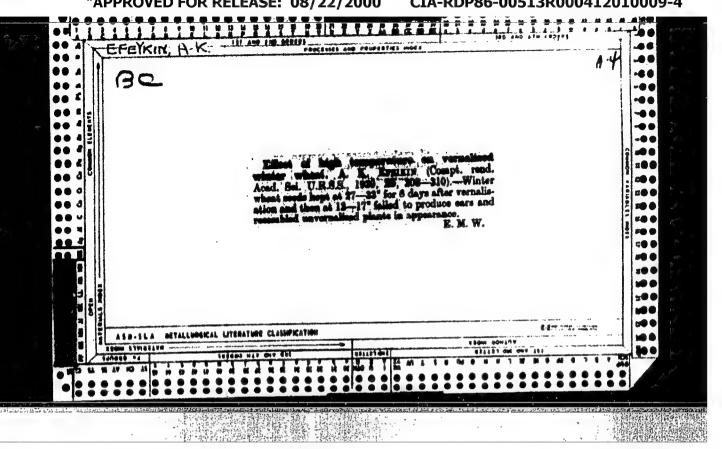


B. Golovin

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4



EFEYKIN, A.K.

Beginning the source of the source of the supposition of the central acres of the U.S.R. — Sovetak. Bet., 1940, 0-6, pp. 243-251, 1 fig., 1 graph, 1940.

Degeneration of potatoes in southern districts of the U.S.R. R.A.M., xix, p. 350 lie stated to cause a fall in production of varieties yielding 20 to 30 tons per ha. further north to about 5 to 6 or even 2 to 3 tons after a cultivation period in the south of three to five years. The plants become progressively dwarfed, the stems thin and often curied, the leaves rugoes and curied, and the tubers assume abnormal shapes. The precise nature of this disorder remains as yet unknown, although the author suggests that it may be due to the toxic effects of a disturbed metabolism under the influence of high temperatures.

The results of three years' experiments at the Agricultural Institute of Tchuvashia at Tchebolassy (central U.S.R.I.) showed that degenerated potatoes obtained from southern districts recovered gradually and at the end of the experimental period differed neither in yield nor in appearance from plants of the same varieties permanently cultivated under Tchuvashian conditions.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4

EFEYKIN, A. K.

Mbr., Chuvashaki Agricultural Inst., Cheboksarj, -1947-

"The Dependence of the Development of Runners on Their Position on the Main Stalk," Dok. AN, 56, No. 6, 1947

"Devlopment of Plants, Separated from the Parent Plant, from Preventive and Adventive Buds," Dok. AN, 56, No. 7, 1947

EFEYKIN, A.K.

Spreading distortions of the principles of Darwinism in the second y school. Bot.shur. 39 no.1:122-125 Ja-F '54. (MLRA 7:3) (Origin of species)

MADATOV, N.M. (Leningrad); Prinimali uchastiye: DANTSIS, Ya.B., kand.tekhn.nauk; FFFEL!, Z.L., inzh.

Characteristor de la d

EFFENBERGER, A.; JURSIK, F.

Protein metabolism and the chromatography of amino acids in municipal sewags. p. 277.

VODNI HOSPOMARSTVI. (Ministerstvo energetiky a vodniho hospodarstvi a Vedecka technicka spolecnost pro vodni hospodarstvi) Praha, Czechoslovakia, No. 6, June 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAI), IC Vol. 9, no. 2, Feb. 1960.

Uncl.

EFFENBERGER, M.

Czechoslovakia /Chemical Technology. Chemical Products H-5 and Their Application Water treatment. Sewage water.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1958, 1646

Author : Effenberger M., Rak M.

Title : Determination of Oxidability of Phenols

Orig Pub: Voda, 1956, 35, No 10, 326-327

Abstract: On the basis of experiments on determination of

the oxidability of different phenols (I) it is recommended to determine the oxidability of sewage water by the method of Kubel when the concentration of I does not exceed 3 mg/liter. The modified method of Schultze-Pappov can be used with a concentration of I not exceeding 30 mg/liter. With a concentration of I not exceeding 50 mg/liter an 0.0625 N solution of KMnO₄ should

Card 1/2

Czechoslovakia / Chemical Technology. Chemical Products H-5 and Their Application Water treatment. Sewage water.

Abs Jour: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 1, 1958, 1646

be used, while with a concentration of \underline{I} not exceeding 100 mg/liter, -- an 0.125 N solution of KMnO_{ψ}. Oxidability of phenol, pyrocatechol, resorcinol and pyrogallol is approximately 80% of the theoretical; that of cresols and xylenols 50-68%.

Card 2/2

EFFENVERGER, Milos; DEYL, Zdenek

Nephelometric determination of trichloroethylene in water. Sbor. pal.vod. VSChT 1958:225-236. (EEAI 9:4)

 Katedra chemicke technologie vody, Vysoka skola chemickotechnologicka, Praha.
 (Trichloroethylene) (Water) (Mephelometry)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4

E- a COUNTRY : Czechoslovakia CATEGORY 56900 No. 1959, : RZKhim., No. 16 ABS. JCUR. : Effenberger, M. ROFTUA : Not given IMST. : The Complexometric Determination of Sulfates in TITLE Waters Using Calcein [sic] as Indicator ; Chem Listy, 52, No 8, 1501-1505 (1958) ORIG. PUB. The author has developed an indirect procedure for the determination of SO_k^{-2} in waters and in other media, based on the precipitation of SO_k^{-2} ABSTRACT as BaSO, and titration of the excess Ba(2+) with a solution of complexone III (I), using calcein [sic] (II) as indicator. It has been found that the amount of excess Ba(2+) used does not affect the color change of I at the equivalent point. Preparations of II optained by the method of Dil and Ellingbo (RZhKhim, No 23, 1956, 75267) 1/4 CARD:

COUNTRY : Czechoslovakia

£-2

56900

CATEGORY

: Analytical Chemistry -- Analysis of Inorganic

ABS. JOUR. :

Substances nZinim., No. 16 1959, No.

AUTHOR

INST.

TITLE

orid. PUB. :

ABSTRACT : and various commercial preparations of II (Calcein

and Fluorexon brands) were used after mixing with KCl in the ratio 1: 100. In the analysis of waters, the Ca content is determined first by treating 100 ml of sample with 5 ml 1 N NaOH and a mixture of about 0.07 gm II and KCl, followed by titration with 0.02 M I. The interfering ions Fe, Cu, Zn, and Al are removed with KCN or with triethanolamine. A second aliquot portion of 100 ml of the sample is next treated

CARD: 2/4

: Czechoslovakia COUNTRY CATEGORY

: RZKhim., No. 16 1959, No.

56900

E-2

ROHTUA

ABS. JCUR.

IFST. TIPLE

ORIG. PUB.

ABSTRACT

: with an amount of O.1 N HCl equal to that used in the determination of the alkalinity of the water under analysis to a methyl orange endpoint [methyl orange alkalinity], an excess of 1 ml is added and the solution is heated to boiling, after which a sufficient amount of 0.005 or 0.02 M BaCl, is added, the solution is boiled for 2 min, held 20 min over a water bath, filtered washed with water (20 ml), 5 ml of 1 N NaOH are added, the II is added together with KCN and

CARD: 3/4

1-.7

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4

DEYL, Z.; EFFENBERGER, M.

Color products of the reaction of NO₃-ions with brucine and their analutic application. In German. Coli.Cz.Chem. 24 no.11:3763-3768 N 159. (EEAI 9:5)

1. Prerovske strojirny, Forschungsabteilung, Prag.und Forschunginstitut für Wasserwirthschaft, Prag. (Mitrates) (Ions) (Brucine)

EFFENBERGER, Milos, inz.

Sanitary engineering at the Warsaw Congress. Vodni hosp 14 no.12:471-472 '64.

EFFENBERGER, Milos, inz.

Purification of waste water from poultry processing plants. Vodni hosp 15 no.4:173-174 '65.

1. Research Institute of Water Resources Management, Prague.

EFFLER, R.; JIRANEK, K.; SUCHANEK, J., KREJCI, J.

Production of surface dried molds from mixtures with tentonite and dextroner. Slevarenatvi 12 m. 11:481-483 N '64.

1. Liberecke automobilove zavody, Liberec-Ostasov.

DEML, Franticck; FREMERI, Jirl

Preparation of high-purity arganic, Pt.2. Chem listy 58 no. 7:813-819 Jl 164.

1. A.S. Popov Research Institute of Telecommunication, Prague.

EFIMISHIN, N.S.

Clinical anatomical parallels in acute cholecystitis. Khirurgiia 36 no.4:51-55 Ap '60. (MIRA 13:12) (GALL BLADDER_DISEASES)

KFIMISHIN, N.S., kand.med.nauk (Stanislav, ul. Chapayev, d.15-a, kv.8)

Some indications of the state of the body during the use of hibernation. Vest.khir. 86 no.3:86-90 Mr '61. (MIRA 14:3)

L 36837-66 EWP(t)/ETI IJP(c) JW/JD

ACC NR: AP6024346

SOURCE CODE: GE/0030/66/016/001/0191/0196

AUTHOR: Smirnov, B. I.; Efimov, B. A.

35 B

ORG: A. F. Ioffe Physico-Technical Institute, Academy of Sciences of the SSSR, Leningrad

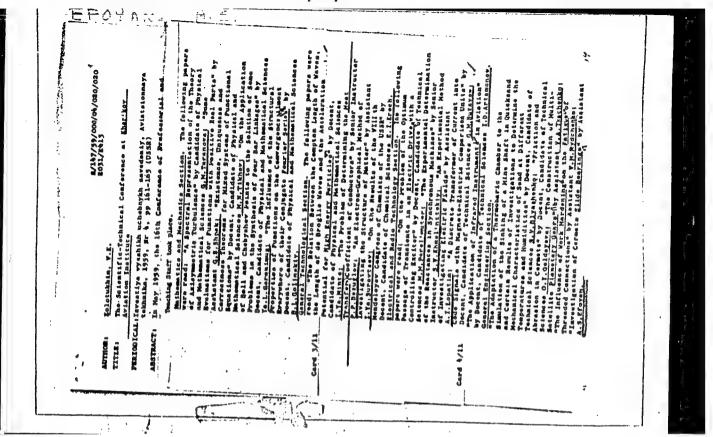
TITLE: Development of glide bands during plastic deformation of LiF crystals

SOURCE: Physica status solidi, v. 16, no. 1, 1966, 191-196

TOPIC TAGS: lithium fluoride, alkali halide, plastic deformation, dislocation, shear

ABSTRACT: A study was made of the development of the dislocation structure and shear strain in glide bands of LiF crystals under an applied stress. The following parameters were determined: the rate of lateral band growth ω , the change of shear strain λ in bands during the growth, and the average slip distance of screw dislocations λ during band formation. It was found that the widening of the bands occurs esymmetrically; an increase in the band width results in a decrease in ω and in an increase in λ (λ eventually reaches a certain limiting value). On the average, the rate of lateral band growth was found to be about an order of magnitude less than the velocity of the individual dislocations. It was found that λ has a value of 1.5 mm with a decrease of the deformation temperature. Orig. art. has: 5 figures, 3 formular, and 1 table.

Card 1/1 SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 18Apr66/ OTH REF: 004/ ATD PRESS 5439



ILIESCU, C. C., Prof.; KLEINERMAN, L., Conf.; RATIU, O., dr.;
PANTZER, M., dr.; GUTA, G.; EFRAIM, Mannagar.; ROLAND, F., dr.;
GHEOROHIADE, T., dr.; LECCA, S., lab.

Cardiac catheterisation in congenital cardiovascular defects.
Med. int., Bucur. 8 no.3:339-359 July 56.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Clinica a lll-a medicala I.M.F.
Bucuresti.

(CARDIOVASCULAR DEFECTS, CONGENITAL, diagnosis
cardiac catheterisation)

(CATHETERIZATION, CARDIA, in various dis.
cardiovascular defects, congen.)

TERMIN, The

BANTEA, C., Dr.; TANASESCU, I., dr.; ADLERSBERG, L., dr.; EFRAIM, M., dr.

Primary reticulosarcoma of the stomach. Med.int., Bucur. 8 no.6: 891-898 Oct 56.

1. Lucrare efectuata in Spitalul Bernat Andrei.
(STOMACH NEOPLASMS, case reports
reticulosarcoma, primary)
(SARCOMA, RETICULUM CELL, case reports
stomach, primary)

ILIESCU, C. C., prof.; KLEINERMAN, L., dr.; STEFANESCU, T., dr.; GHITA, M., dr.; BANDU, I.; EFRAIM, M., dr.; GUTA, G., dr.

Left heart catheterization by the trans-septal route. Med. intern. 13 no.11:1485-1489 N 161.

1. Lucrare efectuata la A.S.C.A.R. Bucuresti.

(HEART CATHETERIZATION)

MIHAILESCU, V.V., dr.; EFRAIM, M., dr.; ENESCU, R., dr.; CODREANU, R., dr.

Considerations on a case of constrictive pericarditis in a patient with auricular septal defect. Med. intern. 14 no.8:999-1002 Ag '62.

1. Lucrare efectuata la ASCAR, director: prof. C.C. Iliescu. (HEART SEPTUM, ATRIAL) (HEART DEFECTS, CONGENITAL) (PERICARDITIS)

ILIESCU, M., dr.; HAGI-PARASCHIV, L., dr.; EFRAIM, M., dr.; ILIESCU, C.C., prof.

Clinical and pathological aspects of aneurysm of Valsalva's sinus, Med. intern. 15 no.11:1343-1352 N '63.

1. Lucrare efectuata la Clinica de cardiologie ASCAR, Bucuresti (director: prof. C.C. Iliescu).

(AORTIC ANEURYSM) (AORTIC RUPTURE) (PATHOLOGY)

EFREMOV, A.

Our shore of the Black Sea. P. h_{\bullet} GEOGRAFILA Sofiya, Bulgaria Vol. 5, no. 10, 1955

SOURCE: EEAL IC Vol. 5, no. 7, July 1956

L 10987-66 EWI(m)/EWP(1)/T/ETC(m) DIAAP DS/WW/RM ACC NR: AP6000005 UR/0080/65/038/011/2513/2522 AUTHOR: Efremov. A Zel'venskiy. Ya.D ORG: Moscow Lenin Chemico-technological Institute im. D.I. Mendeleyev (Moscovskiy ordena Lenina khimiko-tekhnologicheskiy institut) Liquid-vapor equilibrium in the binary systems methyltrichloresilane-dimethyldichlorosilane and phenyldichlorosilane-phenyltrichlorosilane7 Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, v.38, no.11, 1965, 2513-2522 TOPIC TAGS: chemical equilibrium, silane, isotope ABSTRACT: The solutions to be studied were tagged with the radioactive carbon 14 isotope and experiments were made in the pressure interval from 40 to 760 mm Hg. The separation coefficient was determined by the method of simple distillation (diagram of equipment shown). Actual calculation of the separation coefficient was done by the integral equation $\ln \frac{G_0}{G_n} = \frac{1}{n-1} \left(\ln \frac{x_0}{x_n} + a \ln \frac{1-x_0}{1-x_0} \right),$ where Go and Gk are, respectively, the amounts of the solution under Card 1/2 IIDO: 541.121/.123

L 10987-66

ACC NR: AP6000005

investigation before and after distillation (moles); xo and xk are the content of the more volatile component of the mixture, before and after distillation (mole percent); and, alpha is the separation coefficient. Quantitative results of the experiments are shown in tabular form and a graph shows the dependence of the separation coefficient of the methyl-curve shows the change in the multiplication factor for the separation of the systems as a function of the degree of distillation. Knowing the the activity coefficients of the two components of the mixtures over the and the subsequent calculations that the separation coefficient, alpha, the authors proceed to the calculation of whole range of concentration. It is concluded from the experimental data and the subsequent calculations that the separation coefficient, alpha, It is demonstrated also that the phenyldichlorosilane-phenyltrichlorosilane system exhibits a small positive deviation from ideal behavior.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: 110ct63/ ORIG REF: 008/ OTH REF: 005

Card ... 2/2

PURLICHEV, Dimitur; EFREMOV, Ason

Are there traces of glaciers in the Vladayska River Valley? Prir i mamie 16 mo.2:23 F '63.

24.6600

3/534 8/058/62/000/005/018/119 A001/A101

AUTHORS:

Efremov, A. V., Shirkov, D. V.

TITLE:

The pion-pion scattering at low energies

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, no. 5, 1962, 41, abstract 5A358 ("Scientia sinica", 1961, v. 10, no. 7, 812-836, English)

TEXT: The authors write down an integral equation for amplitude of TL-scattering taking into account in derivation only partial amplitudes with orbital moments 1=0, 1 (the latter can be expressed in terms of forward scattering). Closed integral equations for partial amplitudes of scattering of charged pions with 1=0, 1 can be obtained by using dispersion relations for these amplitudes, relations of crossing-symmetry and unitarity. For neutral pions, similar equations determine the amplitude as an R-function. There is no such a simple picture for charged pions, but it is possible to construct a generalized R-function out of amplitudes A_1 (i=0,1) and thereby to obtain a set of results with regard to the number of zeroes and resonances in A_1 amplitudes. The authors investigate asymptotic behavior of A_1 amplitudes at high energies. It turns out that 3 types of amplitude behavior exist at high energies ω :

Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

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The pion-pion scattering at low energies

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 ${\rm Re} A_i \sim {\rm d}_i/{\rm ln} \, \omega$. ${\rm e}_i / \omega$ and ${\rm f}_i / \omega^2$, where ${\rm d}_i$. ${\rm e}_i$, and ${\rm f}_i$ are constants. For small $\sqrt{\rm e}_i$ approximate method by the authors.

Yu. Simonov

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

Card 2/2

FFREMOV, G.; VASKOV, B.; DUMA, H.; ANDREJEVA, M.

Separation of human hemoglobins with starch gel electrophoresis, aluminium oxide chromatography and DEAE cellulose chromatography. I. Technics and results of the study of adult and fetal hemoglobins. Acta med. Iugosl. 17 no.3:252-262 '63.

l. Katedra za stocarstvo Poljoprivredno-sumarskog fakulteta i Klinika za decje bolesti Medicinskog fakulteta u Skoplju.

EFREMOVA, A.; POPOV, A.

Clinico-bacteriological investigations on bacterial foci in scarlet fever. Suvrem. med., Sofia 6 no.11:99-106 1955.

1. Iz Katedrata po epidemiologiia i infektsiozni bolesti pri Visshiia meditsinski institut V. Chervenkov, Sofiia (zav. katedrata: prof. P. Verbev). (SCARLET FEVER, epidemiology, in Bulgaria, foci of infect. (Bul))

PISAREV, S.I.; EFREMOVA, A.; KIPROV, D.I.

Serological & bacteriological research on experimental myocarditis in dogs. Izv. Mikrob. inst., Sofia no.8:187-203 1957.

l. Katedra po patologichna fiziologiia (zav. prof. S. I. Pisarev) i katedra po epidemiologiia s infektsionzni bolesti (zav.: prof. P. Verbev pri visshiia meditsinski institut v Sofiia. (MYOCARDITIS, exper.

serol. & bacteriol. in dogs (Bul))

EFREMOVA, A., kand. na medits. nauki

Diameter of the erythrocyte in scarlet fever. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 39 no.3:63-72 160.

1. Predstavena ot prof. P. Verbev, zav. Katedrata po epidemiologiia i infektsiozni bolesti.

(SCARLET FEVER blood) (ERYTHROCYTES)

TANEV, Iv.; TODOROV, M.; EFREMOVA, A.; GUBEV, E.; SIMEONOV, N.; TSAKOVA, Zh.

The course of measles in Sofia in 1958. (According to data of the 1st Infectious Clinic). Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 40 no.2:155-170 61.

1. Predstavena ot prof. Verbev, rukovoditel na Katedrata po epidemiologiia i infektsiozni bolesti.

(MEASLES epidemiol)

EFREMOVA, A.

Grigorova's monocytic reaction in scarlet fever. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 40 no.2:171-183 '61.

1. Predstavena ot prof. P. Verbev, rukovoditel na Katedrata po epidemiologiia i infektsiozni bolesti.

(SCARLET FEVER blood) (MONOCYTES)

VERBEV, P.; ZHELIAZKOV, S.; GEORGIEVA, M.; MOHEV, V.; MANOLOV, R.; EFREMOVA, A.

Etiopathogenic studies on 1,776 enterocolitis patients. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 40 no.3:129-145 '61.

1. Predstavena ot prof. P. Verbev, rukovoditel na Katedrata po epidemiologiia i infektsiozni bolesti pri vissh meditsinski institut, Sofiia.

(COLITIS etio1)

Ø

YANEVA, T.

Bulgaria

No degree listed

Department of Children's Diseases at the Higher Medical Institute (Vissh Meditsinski Institut), Sofia; Department Head: Professor L. RACHEV. Department of Infectious Diseases and Epidemiology at the Higher Medical Institute; Department Head: Professor P. VERBEV.

Sofia, Pediatriya, supplement of Suvremenna Meditsina, No 2, 1962, pp 32-38.

"Changes in the Monocytograms of Rheumatic Children"

Co-author:

EFREMOVA, A., Department of Children's Diseases at the Higher Medical Institute, Sofia; Department of Infectious Diseases and Epidemiology

RADEV, Iv.; EFREMOVA, A.

Application of essential oils in bacterial dysentery. Surr. med. 13 no. 3:45-49 '62.

1. Iz Katedrata po endidemiologiia i infektsiozni bolesti pri VMI [Vissh meditsinski institut] - Sofiia (Rukovod. na katedrata prof. P. Verbev). (EUCALIPTUS) .(HERBS) (OILS) (DYSENTERY, BACILLARY)

VERBEV, P.; ZHELIAZKOV, S.; GEORGIEVA, M.; MONEV, V.; MANOLOV, R. EFREMOVA, A.

Some problems related to the etiology and epidemiology of enterocolitis, Suvr. med. 13 no.8:3-8 '62.

(ENTEROCOLITIS, ACUTE)
(DYSENTERY, BACILLARY)
(FOOD POISONING)
(ESCHERICHIA COLI INFECTIONS)
(INTESTINAL DISEASES, PARASITIC)

EFREMOVA, A.

The phagocytic reaction in the diagnosis of dysentery. Nauch. tr. vissh. med. inst. Sofia 41 no.7:241-248 162.

1. Predstavena ot prof. P. Verbev. (DYSENTERY, BACILLARY) (PHAGOCYTOSIS)

VERREY P.; ZHELIAZKOV, S.; GEORGIEVA, M.; MCHEV, V.; MAHOLOV, R.

Some problems related to the ethology and epidemiology of enterocolitis. Suvr. mod. 13 no.803-8 162.

'm'TEROCOLITIS, ACUTE)
'AGENTERY, BACILLARY)
(FOOD POISONING)
(ESCHERICHIA COLI INFECTIONS)
(INTESTINAL DISEASES, PARASITIC)

BULGARIA

Iv. TANEV, I. DIKOV, A. EFREMOVA, P. POMAKOV and K. MANOLOV, Department of Infectious Diseases (Katedra po infektsiozni bolesti) VMI Sofia, Head (Rukovoditel) Prof Iv. TANEV, and First Hospital for Infectious Diseases (I infektsiozna bolnitsa), Head Physician (glavem lekar) A. SELEKTAR, Sofia.

"Use of Antibiotics in Complications of Influenza During the 1962 Epidemic in Sofia."

Sofia, Suvremenna Meditsina, Vol 14, No 5, 1963; pp 18-21.

Abstract: Data on 80 patients with influenza, hospitalized during the Jan-Feb 1962 epidemic in Sofia: 76 had mainly pulmonary complications and were treated with antibiotics. All but I were cured. In all, in vitro tests for antibiotic sensitivity of bacteria were carried out but results did not always agree with the clinical response. Patch tests for allergic hypersensitivity to penicillin and streptomycin were also done in all patients so treated; several patients were found to be very sensitive. Fungi (monilia) were found in 33% - no further data on this. Antibiotics did not seem to shorten hospitalization or reduce pulmonary complications but were considered necessary.

EFROIMSKAYA S.M.

Introducing improvements in the Kozhukhovo-Magatino District, Gor.khoz. Mosk. 34 no.12:23-24 D *60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Glavnyy inzhener proyekta masterskoy No.2 Instituta general'nogo plana g. Moskvy.

(Moscow-City planning)

EFROIMSON, V.P.

VASIN, B.N.; LEPIN, T.K.; EFROIMSON, V.P.

"Basic problems of Micharin genetics" by N.I.Feiginson. Reviewed by B.M.Vasin, T.K.Lepin, V.P.Efroimson. Biul.MoIP.Otd.biol. 61 no.4: 95-105 Jl-Ag '56. (MIRA 10:8) (GENETICS) (FEIGINSON, N.I.)

EFROIMSON, V.P. [translator].

Blochemistry of hereditary factors (from "Math. u. naturwiss. Unterricht," 9 no.2 1956). Translated from the German by V.P. Efroimson. Khim. nauka i prom. 2 no.2:254-258 157. (MIRA 10:6) (Nucleic acids)

EFRUMSON, V.P.

LEREDEV, D.V.; EFROIMSON, V.P.

"Biological problems" [in French] by Marcel Prenant. Reviewed by D.V.Lebedev and V.P.Efroimson. Bot. shur. 42 no.10:1515-1518 0 57.

1. Botanicheskiy institut im.V.L.Komarova AN SSSR, Leningrad.
(Genetics) (Prenant. Marcel)

USSR / General Biology. Genetics. Genetics of Man. B-5

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 18, 1958, 81090.

Author : Effoimson V. P. Inst : Not given.

Inst: Not given.

Title: Basic Data on Contemporary Genetics and the Action of Ionizing Radiation on Hereditary Factors.

Orig Pub: Byul. Mosk. o-va ispyt. prirody Otd. biol., 1957, 62, No 6, 5-18.

Abstract: There were set forth literary data and results of original investigations and considerations by the author on the diffusion of different hereditary anomalies in human populations and the harmful significance of the ionizing radiations as a factor of increasing concentration in the populations of different hereditary anomalies. It was pointed out that in the next 10 years,

Card 1/4

21

USSR / General Biology. Genetics. Genetics of Man. B-5

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Fiol., No 18, 1958, 81090.

Abstract: of especial importance to mankind, would be the repeated formations of recessive anomalies, which already exist in the populations in the heterozygous state. Numerous examples were cited of the part genes play in the different systems of human organs that get sick. Accounts were given of the relative frequency of the dominant and recessive mutations, and it was demonstrated that, in man, the suppression of the recessives by the dominants is explained not by the peculiarity of the human organism, but by the greater ease of its detection. A summary of data was given on the frequency of formation of 23 harmful mutations in man. On the basis of contemporary radiogenetic data, it was indicated that the so-called "permissible" doses of ionized

Card 2/4

USSR / General Biology. Genetics. Genetics of Man. B-5

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 18, 1958, 81090.

Abstract: radiation in reality inflict upon humanity i:reparable damage. Based on the examples of the dominant hereditary porphyrin and other anonalies there were demonstrated the role of the genetico-automatic processes and the isoloation of the distribution and separation in man.

A detailed examination was made for the adoption of protective measures against the development of hereditarily conditioned diseases and anoalies, for the determination of fatherhood an for forensic medicine. On the basis of materials, collected by the Moscow Medico-Biological Institute, and of numerous literary data, it was demonstrated that the study of the single ovum twins is important for the understanding

Card 3/4

23

EFROIMSON AND PROGRAMMENT

In Spite of the obvious truth [with summary in English]. Biul.

MOIP. Otd.biol. 63 no.5:133-140 S-0 '58 (MIRA 11:12)

(HYBRIDIZATION, VEGETABLE)

MIROIMSON, Y.P.

Origin, first achievements, and significance of medical cytogenetics. TSitologiia 2 no.3:364-370 My-Je 160.

(MIRA 13:7)

1. Vsesoyuznaya biblioteka inostrannoy literatury, Moskva. (CYTOGENETICS)

Analysis of certain fundamental mechanisms of immunity, radiation sickness, and cardinogenesis from the point of view of modern genetics. Biul. MOIP. Otd. biol. 65 no. ::109-128 N-D *60.

(MIRA 14:2)

(IMMUNITY) (RADIATION SICKNESS) (CANCER)

EFROIMSON, V.P. (Moskva)

Mechanisms controlling the production of antibiotics in the light of data of immunity genetics and the biochemistry of abnormal human hemoglobins. Probl. kib. no.6:161-181 '61. (MIRA 15:1) (ANTIGENS AND ANTIBODIES)

27,2400

5/044/62/000/006/121/127 B160/B102

AUTHOR: .

Efroimson, V. P.

TITLE:

Radiation sickness control mechanisms

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Matematika, no. 6, 1962, 78, abstract

6V428 (Sb. "Probl. kibernetiki". no. 6, M., Fizmatgiz,

1961, (83-205)

TEXT: The numerous facts from cytology, genetics, physiology, embryology, biochemistry, and experimental therapy on which the theory of radiation sickness may be based are listed. These facts can be synthesized by the conception of the mutational cause of radiation sickness (chromosome alteration). The part played by fragments of DNA in the mechanism of vigorous mitotic regenerative replacement of the cells which have remained intact is noted as leading to a cure of the radiation disease. In conclusion, methods of preventive treatment and therapy of radiation sickness are noted: (1) the creation of substances like cystein and cysteamine; (2) donor bone marrow with the problem of incompatibility reactions; (3) introduction of DNA in the decoded form into the organism. Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/22/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000412010009-4

Radiation sickness control mechanisms

S/044/62/000/006/121/127 B160/B102

Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

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C: 2/2

Biochemistry of the inherited diseases of man. Zhur.VKHO 6 no.3: 305-314 61. (MIRA 14:6) (HEREDITY OF DISEASES) (BIOCHEMISTRY)

Some biochemical mechanisms of the inherited and acquired immunity.

Zhur.VKHQ 6 no.3:314-318 61.

(HICCHEMESTRY)

Estimating the effect of radiation of human heredity by taking into account chromosomal diseases. Biul. MOIP. Otd. biol. 66 no.3:150-152 My-Je '61. (MIRA 14:6) (RADIATION—PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT) (CHROMOSOMES) (HEREDITY)

Principal achievements and immediate tasks of medical genetics. Vest.AMN SSSR 17 no.7:74-82 '62. (MIRA 15:10)

l. Moskovskiy institut vaktsin i syvorotok I.I.Mechnikova. (HUMAN GENETICS)

Human chromosomal embryopathies. Vest.AMN SSSR 17 no.11:41-50 (MIRA 16:1)

1. Moskovskiy institut vaktsin i syvorotok imeni Mechnikova. (HEREDITY OF DISEASE) (CHROMOSOMES)

EFROIMSON, V.P. (Moskva)

Hereditary metabolic diseases. Arkh. pat. no.2:79-85 163. (MIRA 16:11)

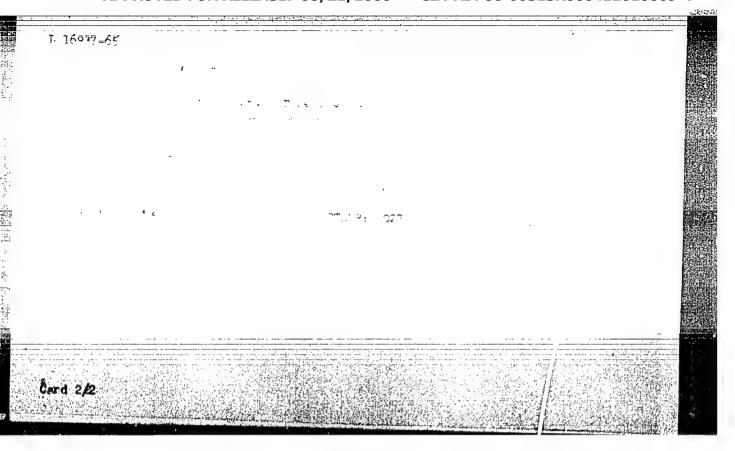
Some practical achievements in medical genetics. Vest. AMN SSSR 18 no.12:14-22 '63. (MIRA 17:7)

1. Moskovskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut vaktsin i syvorotok imeni I.I. Mechnikova Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

EFROIMSON, V.P. (Moskva)

Hereditary metabolic diseases. Arkh. pat. no.1:77-84 '63. (MIRA 17:10)

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EFRON, K.

Unity of nature. IUn.takh. 5 no.1:67-68 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:5)
(Nature study)

EFRON, K.M. (Moskva)

"Animal world and nature of the U.S.S.R." by N.A.Bobrinskii. Reviewed by K.M.Efron. Priroda 50 no.4:118-118 Ap. 161. (MIRA 14:4)

(Nature study) (Bobrinskii, N.A.)

FLINT, V.Ye.; EFRON, K.M.

Effect of droughts on the distribution of murine rodents in different habitats in northern Kazakhstan. Biul.MOIP. Otd.biol. 61 no.6:122-123 N-D '56.

(KUSTANAY PROVINCE--MICE)

SULACHEV, V.H.; ZEMKEVICH, L.A.; VARSANOF'INVA, V.A.; doktor geol.-miner. nank, prof. MFRCH, K.M.

Follow Lenin's attitude toward nature. IUn. tekh. 4 no.6:2-5 Je !60. (MIRA 13:9)

1. President Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley prirody (for Sukachev). 2. Vitse-president Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley prirody, chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Zerkevich). 3. Vitse-president Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley prirody, chlen-korrespondent AFN RSFSR (for Varsanof'yeva). 4. Chlen Presidiuma Soveta Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley pirody (for Yanshin). 5. Uchenyy sekretar' Moskovskogo obshchestva ispytateley prirody (for Efron).

(Matural resources)

EFRON, K.M.

KEIDYSH, M.V., aktolemik; FFDOROV, Ye.K., skademik; ARTSINOVICH, L.A., akademik; SISAKYAN, M.F., akademik; GORSKIY, I.I.; KAPITSA, P.L.; FOK, V.A.; LANDAU, L.D.; LIFSHITS, Ye.M.; SHAL'NIKOV, A.I.; HELLATHIKOV, I.M.; ALEF SEYEVES Y, N.Ye.; VAYNSETEYN, L.A.; PALLADIN, A.V., akademik; SATPAYEV, r.f., akademik; AMBARTSUMYAN, V.A., akademik; EUFREVICH, V.F.; MUSIFELISHVILI, N.I., akademik; KARAKEYEV, K.K.; MUSTEL', E.R.; MASEVICH, A.G., doktor fiz.-matem.nauk; EFRON, A.M.; MARTYNOV, D.Ya., prof.; GALDR'YEV, A.A., alademik; MARHOV, K.K., prof.; COLOVKOVA, A.G., prof.; FILATOVA, L.G., prof.; FEYVE, Ya.V.; SEMIKHATOV, B.N., prof.; TITOV, A.G.; RYCHAGOV, G.I.; BARSKAYA, V.F.; VLASOVA, A.A.; BARAHOVA, Ye.P.; KIBARDINA, L.A.; ISACI'ENKO, A.F.; IL'INA, Yu.P.; DANILOV, M.I., prof.; PLAUDE, K.K.; NECHAYEVA, T.N., prof.; CHEPEK, L., dortdr; SZANTO, Ladislav, akademik; BELACHIK, Yozef; FAN KLOK V'YEN; TOGENSON, M.S., prof. (L'vov); STARKOV, N.; AERAMOVICH, Yu.; VOSKREST SKIY, V.; KROPACHEV, A.; REZVOY, D., prof., (L'vov); KONDRAT YEV, V.N., akademik; LEEEDINSKIY, V.I., kand.geol.-mineral.nauk YANSHIN, A.L., akademik

"Priroda" is 50 years old. Priroda 51 no.1:3-16 Ja '62.

(MIRA 15:1)

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